

Conditional statements part 3

Conditions are booleans. Boolean is a data type with two possible values: `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

For example

- `10 > 100` - `FALSE`
- `10 > 5` - `TRUE`
- `10 > 5 AND 100 < 5` - `FALSE`

Boolean columns have only two values - either 1 or 0. `TRUE` indicates 1 and `FALSE` indicates 0

We can replace columns such as `employed` or `unemployed` to `1` or `0` to make it easier to filter data. To filter data using booleans we will use the `IS TRUE` or `IS NOT TRUE` keywords.

```
SELECT *  
FROM table1  
WHERE col1 IS NOT FALSE AND col2 IS TRUE
```

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