

# ? How to update your Docker containers safely

## Purpose

Learn how to update your Docker containers safely, minimizing downtime and preventing accidental data loss.

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## 1. Check Running Containers

List all currently running containers to know what services are active:

bash

```
docker ps
```

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## 2. Pull the Latest Images

For each image you want to update, pull the latest version from the registry:

bash

```
docker pull imagename:tag
```

Replace `imagename:tag` with your actual image name and tag.

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## 3. Stop and Remove Old Containers

Stop the container without deleting its data volumes:

bash

```
docker stop containername  
docker rm containername
```

Replace `containername` with your actual container name.

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## 4. Start New Containers with Updated Images

Use your original `docker run` command or your `docker-compose` file to launch the updated containers.

bash

```
docker run -d --name containername imagename:tag
```

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## 5. Verify Everything is Working

After starting the new containers, check that everything is healthy:

bash

```
docker ps  
docker logs containername
```

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## ? Summary

- **Always backup your data volumes** before updating if possible.
  - **Use versioned tags** (e.g., `nginx:1.25`) instead of `latest` to avoid unexpected changes.
  - **Use compose files** to automate container recreation safely.
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